Mathematics Assessment Paper 1

1. If
$$f(x) = x^2$$
 and $g(x) = 1/(x-1)$, with $x > 1$, find: $F(g(x))$

- 2. Calculate: g''(0), where $g(t) = a \cos(3t) + b \sin(3t)$ (and a and b are constants)
- 3. Find the derivative of: $g(t) = \cos(e^{2t+1})$
- 4. Find the following indefinite integrals:

a)
$$\int (\sin\theta - \cos\theta) d\theta$$

b)
$$\int (x + 3)(x - 2) dx$$

- 5. Find the integral $\int x^2 \ln x \, dx$
- 6. Write the quadratic $x^2 8x + 2$ in completed square form
- 7. write the expression $3\ln 6 2\ln 2$ as the logarithm of a single number
- 8. Subtracting vectors in component form:

Let
$$a = 5i - 2j$$
 and $b = -I + 3j$. Find $a - b$

- 9. Find the stationary points of the function $f(x) = 2x^3 3x^2 36x$
- 10. If $A = \begin{cases} 2 & 2 & -1 \\ 3 & 5 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 \end{cases}$ evaluate det A
- 11. Find the general solution of the differential equation:

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = xe^{-2x}$$