## Mathematics Assessment Paper 1

1. If $f(x)=x^{2}$ and $g(x)=1 /(x-1)$, with $x>1$, find: $F(g(x))$
2. Calculate: $g$ " $(0)$, where $g(t)=a \cos (3 t)+b \sin (3 t)$ (and a and b are constants)
3. Find the derivative of: $g(t)=\cos \left(e^{2 t+1}\right)$
4. Find the following indefinite integrals:
a) $\int(\sin \theta-\cos \theta) d \theta$
b) $\int(x+3)(x-2) d x$
5. Find the integral $\int x^{2} \ln x d x$
6. Write the quadratic $x^{2}-8 x+2$ in completed square form
7. write the expression $3 \ln 6-2 \ln 2$ as the logarithm of a single number
8. Subtracting vectors in component form:

$$
\text { Let } \mathrm{a}=5 \mathrm{i}-2 \mathrm{j} \text { and } \mathrm{b}=-\mathrm{I}+3 \mathrm{j} \text {. Find } \mathrm{a}-\mathrm{b}
$$

9. Find the stationary points of the function $f(x)=2 x^{3}-3 x^{2}-36 x$
10. If $\mathrm{A}=\left\{\begin{array}{rrr}2 & 2 & -1 \\ 3 & 5 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 1\end{array}\right\}$ evaluate $\operatorname{det} \mathrm{A}$
11. Find the general solution of the differential equation:

$$
\frac{d y}{d x}=\mathrm{xe}^{-2 \mathrm{x}}
$$

